

Subjective type

2nd year Civics

- 01) Discuss the political and educational services of Sirsyed Ahmed khan?
- 02) Discuss in detail the causes of the formation of All India Muslim League?
- 03) Discuss the salient features of Lakhnow pact?
- 04) What are the important features of the Government of India Act 1935?
- 05) Discuss in detail the Lahore resolution of 1940?
- 06) Discuss the important features of 3rd June 1947 plan?
- 07) What are the salient features of Objective Resolution of 1949?
- 08) Discuss the salient features of 1956 constitution of Pakistan?
- 09) Write down the important features of 1962 constitution of Pakistan?
- 10) What are the causes of the separation of East Pakistan?
- 11) Elaborate the salient features of 1973 constitution of Pakistan?
- 12) What are the powers of the parliament according to 1973 constitution?
- 13) Discuss the powers and functions of president of Pakistan?
- 14) Discuss the powers and functions of the supreme court of Pakistan?
- 15) Discuss the health problems in Pakistan?
- 16) Discuss the structure of education in Pakistan?
- 17) What are the kinds of education in Pakistan?
- 18) What are the educational problems of Pakistan?
- 19) What is the significance of social order?
- 20) Discuss the requisites of social order in Islamic perspective for fulfilling liberty, justice equity and authority?
- 21) Discuss the role of Islamic values in welfare state for maintaining justice?
- 22) Discuss the role of police in Pakistan?
- 23) What is the importance of National Integration?
- 24) Discuss national integration and cohesion in an Islamic state?
- 25) What are the problems of national integration and cohesion and their solution?
- 26) Discuss in detail the determinants of Pakistan's foreign policy?
- 27) Discuss Pakistan's relations with China, India, Iran and Afghanistan?
- 28) Discuss the role of Pakistan in OIC?
- 29) Discuss the role of Pakistan in ECO?
- 30) Discuss in detail the organs of UNO?
- 31) Discuss the role of UNO in solving international disputes?

2nd year Civics

Short Answers

Chapter #01: Pakistan movement

Short Questions

Q#01: Write the names of five books of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan?

Ans: 01) Asar ul Sanadeed 02) Ainay-akbari 03) Khutbat-e- Ahamdiyya 04) Rasala Asbaab-e-Baghawat-e- Hind 05) Tareekh –e- Sarkashi Bajnoor.

Q#02: What is the role of Muslim news papers in Caliphate movement?

Ans: Muslim newspapers played a vital role in caliphate movement. Zamindar, Al-hilal, Comrade and Hamdard brought a revolution in the minds of Muslims.

Q#03: When Sir Syed Ahmed Khan established a school in Muradabad?

Ans: In 1859 Sir Syed Ahmed Khan established a school in Muradabad

Q#04: When scientific society was established?

Ans: scientific society was established in 1863

Q#05: When Sir syed Ahmed Khan established M.A.O high school?

Ans: Sir Syed Ahmed Khan established M.A.O high school in 1875

Q#06: When M.A.O Aligarh college was established?

Ans: it was established in 1877

Q#07: When Aligarh college became university?

Ans: Aligarh College became university in 1920

Q#08: When and where Urdu- Hindi controversy started?

Ans: Urdu Hindi Contrversy started in 1867 at Banaras.

Q#09: Which society was established for the defence of Urdu?

Ans: Urdu defense society was established for the defense of Urdu.

Q#10: Who was the first president of All India Muslim league?

Ans: Sir Agha Khan was the first president of All India Muslim League.

Q#11: When Indian National Congress was established?

Ans: A.O Hume established the Indian National Congress in 1885

Q#12: When and where All India Muslim League was established?

Ans: All India Muslim League was established in Dhaka in 1906

Q#13: When Shimla deputation met Viceroy?

Ans: Shimla deputation met Viceroy Lord Minto on 01st October 1906.

Q#14: When Lakhnow Pact was signed between Muslim League and Indian National Congress?

Ans: Lakhnow pact was signed between Congress and All India Muslim League in 1916

Q#15: When Muhammad Ali Jinnah joined Muslim League?

Ans: Muhammad Ali Jinnah joined Muslim League in 1913.

Q#16: Who was the last Caliph of Turkey?

Ans: Caliph Abdul Majeed was the last Ottoman Caliph of Turkey

Q#17: When Nehru Report was presented.

Ans: Nehru Report was presented in 1928

Q#18: When Jinnah presented his famous fourteen points?

Ans: Jinnah presented his famous fourteen points in 1929.

Q#19: Who Presented the Lahore Resolution?

Ans: The "Lion of Bengal" Maulvi fazal-e-Haq presented Lahore Resolution.

Q#20: Who was the last Viceroy of India?

Ans: Lord Mountbatten was the last viceroy of India.

Chapter #02: Constitutional Development

Short Questions

Q#01: How many members are in the National Assembly of Pakistan?

Ans: National Assembly consisted of 342 members.

Q#02: What is the age of retirement of the judge of the Supreme Court?

Ans: The retirement age of the judge of the supreme court is 65 years.

Q#03: The 1962 constitution consisted of how many articles?

Ans: It was consisted on 250 articles

Q#04: When the first constituent assembly was dissolved?

Ans: The first constituent assembly was dissolved in 1954

Q#05: What is the total number of the senate of Pakistan?

Ans: The senate consists of 104 members

Q#06: When one unit was formed?

Ans: One unit was formed on 14th October 1955

Q#07: Who was the first Chief justice of Pakistan?

Ans: Sir Abdur Rasheed was the first Chief justice of Pakistan

Q#08: Who was the first speaker of the constituent assembly of Pakistan?

Ans: Maulvi Tameez ud din was the first speaker of the constituent assembly of Pakistan

Q#09: When objective resolution was passed?

Ans: Objective Resolution was passed on 12 March 1949.

Q#10: Who was the 2nd Governor General of Pakistan?

Ans: Khawaja Nazam-ud-din was the 2nd Governor General of Pakistan

Q#11: Who presented the second report of the basic principles committee?

Ans: Khawaja Nazam-ud-din presented the second report of the basic principles committee.

Q#12: When Muhammad Ali Bogra formula was passed by the constituent assembly?

Ans: M.Ali bogra formula was passed on 21st December 1954

Q#13: Who was the first governor of the west Paksitan?

Ans: Mushtaq Ahmed Gormani was the first governor general of the West Pakistan

Q#14: Who was the first Chief Minister of the West Pakistan?

Ans: Dr Khan Sahib was the first chief minister of West Pakistan?

Q#15: When one unit was cancelled?

Ans: it was cancelled in 1970

Q#16: When the 1973 constituion was enforecd in Pakistan?

Ans: It was enforced on 14th August 1973

Q#17: what is the number of reserved seats for women in national Assembly?

Ans: There are 70 seats resered for women in the national assembly of Pakistan.

Q#18: How many seats are reserved for women in National Assembly of Pakistan?

Ans: 70

Q#19: what is the age of voter in Pakistan?

Ans: 18years

Q#20: What is the age of retirement of the judge of the high court?

Ans: The age of retirement of the judge of the high court is 62 years

Q#21: When was the first martial law enforced in Pakistan?

Ans: The first Martial Law was enforced by Ayub Khan on 8th October, 1958

Q#22: What was the interium constituion of Pakistan?

Ans: Government of India Act 1935 was the interium constitution of Pakistan

Q#23: Who was appointed the third governor general of Pakistan?

Ans: Malik Ghulam Muhammad was the third governor general of Pakistan

Q#24: When was the 1962 constituion was enforced?

Ans: President Ayub Khan enforced the 1962 constituion on 8th June 1962

Q#25: When East Pakistan was separated?

Ans: East Pakistan was separated on 16th December 1971.

Chapter #03: Social Services in Pakistan

Short Questions

Q#01: What is the average age of male in Pakistan?

Ans: 64 years is the average age of male in Pakistan

Q#02: What is the quota of disabled people for government jobs in Pakistan?

Ans: 02 Percent quota is finalized for the disabled people for the government jobs in Pakistan

Q#03: What is the average age in the developed countries?

Ans: 70 years is the average age in the developed countries

Q#04: Institute of Public Health is in which city?

Ans: Institute of Public Health is in Lahore

Q#05: University of Health Sciences is in which city?

Ans: University of Health Sciences is in Lahore

Q#06: National Health Research Institute is in which city?

Ans: National Health Research Institute is in Islamabad

Q#07: Special Clinic for leprosy was established in which city?

Ans: It was established in Karachi

Q#08: Department of Health is under which Government?

Ans: It is under the Provincial government

Q#09: When institute of public health was formed?

Ans: Institute of public health was formed in Lahore in 1948.

Q#10: Why Pakistan agriculture council was established?

Ans: Pakistan agriculture council was established for the purpose of bringing revolutionary changes in agriculture and for the research in agriculture

Q#11: What is meant by secondary education?

Ans: Education from class six to matriculation is called secondary education.

Chapter #04: Social Order in Pakistan

Short Questions

Q#01: Who is the head of the crime branch?

Ans: D.I.G is the head of the crime branch

Q#02: Who is the Head of Anti Terrorist Cell?

Ans: D.I.G is the Head of the Anti Terrorist Cell

Q#03: Which cell is established by police for terrorist?

Ans: Anti Terrorist Cell is established for the terrorist and culprits.

Q#04: Finger Prints Bureau is established under which branch of Police department?

Ans: It was established under Crime branch.

Q#05: What is the role of traffic police?

Ans: A department named "traffic police" is established for the enforcement of traffic rules. Officials of traffic police perform their duties on roads to control and keep the flow of traffic. If some one is driving with out a license or violates the rules of traffic then he or she has to pay challan.

Q#06: What is the important duty of police?

Ans: The most important duty of police is to maintain law and order, peace and to provide safety to the lives and property of citizens.

Q#07: What is the function of crime branch?

Ans: Crime branch works on controlling the crimes, it investigates in to serious crimes like bank robbery, car stealing and murder. Customs, narcotics control and excise members are also included in it in order to investigate different nature of cases.

Q#08: Write two duties of Anti Terrorist cell?

Ans:

01) Anti- terrorist cell keeps an eye on such groups and organizations which are involved in terrorism.

02) Anti- Terrorst cell penalizes the criminal's invoved in terrorism through judiciary.

Q#09: What is meant by protocol?

Ans: The important step by police for the safety and security of high officials like president, prime minister, governors, chief ministers of the various provinces and other high officials is called protocol.

Q#10: Hazrat Moaz Bin Jabal (R.A) was the governor of which area?

Ans: He was the governor of Yemen

Chapter #05: National Integration and Cohesion

Short Questions

Q#01: Which Party system is in Pakistan?

Ans: Multi-Party System is in Pakistan

Q#02: Which is the single base of Pakistani nationality?

Ans: Islam is the single base of Paksitani nationality.

Q#03: When first Martial Law was imposed in Pakistan

Ans: it was imposed in 1958 by Ayub Khan.

Q#04: The roots of which system is very deep and strong in Pakistan?

Ans: The roots of Feudalism is very deep and stong in Pakistan

Q#05: What is provincialism?

Ans: Provincialism is the most dangerous aspect which destroys the national unity and intgrity. Therefore it is necessary to develop the spirit of national unity and integrity in order to overcome provincialism.

Chapter #06: Islamic Republic of Pakistan and the World

Short Questions

Q#01: When Peoples Republic of China came in to being?

Ans: 1949

Q#02: The first session of the OIC was held in which city?

Ans: It was held in Rabat

Q#03: When ECO was established?

Ans: it was established in 1985

Q#04: When shimla agreement was signed between India and Pakistan?

Ans: It was signed in 1972

Q#05: When UNO was established

Ans: UNO was established on 24th October 1945

Q#06: What is the total length of Durand Line?

Ans: its total length is 2252 Km

Q#07: Which is the largest organization of United Nations?

Ans: General Assembly is the largest organization of the UNO

Q#08: When Pak-Afghan diplomatic relations started?

Ans: It was started in 1948

Q#09: What is Durand line?

Ans: Durand line is the border line between Paksitan and Afghanistan

Q#10: When Indus water treaty was signed between India and Pakistan?

Ans: It was signed in 1960 between India and Pakistan

Q#11: Where is the head office of the OIC?

Ans: Its head office is in Jeddah

Q#12: Where is the secretariat of the UNO?

Ans: It is in the New York

Q#13: When and where was the second Islamic conference held?

Ans: 2nd Islamic conference was held in 1974 at Lahore

Q#14: When Sino-Pakistan border agreement was signed?

Ans: The Pak-China border agreement was signed in 1963

Q#15: Who wrote "Discovery of India"?

Ans: Discovery of India was written by Pandit Nehru

Q#16: When SAARC was established?

Ans: South Asian Association for Regional Co-operation was established in 1985

Q#17: When Durand line was defined?

Ans: Durand line was defined in 1893

Q#18: When RCD was established?

Ans: Regional Co-operation development was established in 1964

Q#19: What is the total number of the members of ECO?

Ans: ECO now consists of 10 (Ten) countries

Q#20: What is the total number of the permanent members of the Security Council of the UNO?

Ans: It consists of 05 (five) members.

Q#21: When Russia called back its forces from Afghanistan?

Ans: In 1989 Russia called back its troops from Afghanistan

Q#22: When Russian troops entered in Afghanistan?

Ans: In 1979 Russian troops entered in Afghanistan

Q#21: When League of Nations was established?

Ans: League of Nations was established in 1919

Q#22: Name six main organs of the UNO

Ans:

- 01) General Assembly
- 02) Security Council
- 03) Trusteeship council
- 04) Economic and social council
- 05) International court of justice

06) Secretariate

Q#23: What is the total number of the judges of the international court of justice?

Ans: The total number of the judges of the ICJ is 15 (fifteen)

Q#24: What is the tenure of the secretary general of the United Nations?

Ans: The tenure for the secretary general of the UNO is for 5years

Q#25: Name any five Muslim leaders who participated in the second conference of the OIC?

Ans:

01) Shah Faisal

02) Col. Moammar Qaddafi

03) Hafiz-ul- Asad

04) Sheikh Zaid Bin Sultan

05) Anwar Sadat

